

# Ahkam Altajweed

Rewayat Hafs 'An 'Aasim  
by the way of Shaatibiyyah

Canberra Masjed

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Noon Sakina & Tanween

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# Ahkam Noon Sakina and Tanween

Noon Sakina and Tanween has four rulings they are

1. Izhar (The Making Clear) ( أ، هـ، ع، ح، غ، خ )
  2. Idgham (The Merging) ( ي، ر، م، ل، و، ن )
  3. Iqlab (The changing )
  4. Ikhfaa (The Hiding )
- ⌘ The rule that is applied depends on the letter that immediately follows the Noon saakinah or tanween

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# Changing (Iqlaab)

- ⌘ Definition: The changing of Noon saakinah or the tanween into a Meem when it followed by a Baa with ghunnah on the letter Meem.
- ⌘ Iqlaab can be applicable in one word or in two words. So if the letter Baa (ب) follows a Noon saakinah in the same word, or Noon sakina or Tanween into two words, then the Noon saakinah or tanween will be changed into a Meem (hidden Meem), with a ghunnah.

# Examples of Changing (Iqlaab)

Letter of Iqlab	Noon (one word)	Noon (two words)	Tanween
الباء	لَيْبَذَنَّ	مِنْ بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ	عَلَيْمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ
	أَنْبِئُونِي	مِنْ قَبْلُ وَمِنْ بَعْدُ	لَنْسِفَعًا بِالنَّاصِيَةِ

# Hiding (Ikhfa')

- ⌘ The last of the four rules for the Noon saakinah and tanween is Ikhfa.
- ⌘ Definition of Ikhfaa is: The pronunciation of a Noon saakinah and the tanween in a way between Idhar and Idgham with a ghunnah
- ⌘ The letters of the Ikhfa for the Noon saakinah and tanween are all the remaining letters in the Arabic alphabet after we remove the letters of Idhar, Idgham and Iqlab.
- ⌘ There are 15 letters left in the Arabic alphabet causing Ikhfaa for the Noon saakinah and tanween.
- ⌘ Letters of Ikhfaa are (ص - ذ - ث - ك - ج - ش - ق - س - د - ط - ز - ف - ت - ض - ظ)
- ⌘ The Ikhfaa can take place between two words or in one a word.



# Notes on Hiding (Ikhfa')

- ⌘ To hide the Noon our tongue does not touch the teeth or gum, instead our tongue moves close to but not at the articulation point of the next letter, which is the letter causing the Ikhfaa (hiding).
- ⌘ So the Noon Sakina or Tanween with Ikhfaa is pronounced in 15 different ways depending on the letter of Ikhfaa
- ⌘ During the Ikfaa of Noon or Tanween we apply the ghunnah, so the letter that follows the Noon Sakina or Tanween is pronounced without Ghunna.

# Examples on Hiding (Ikhfa')

letter of Ikhfa	Noon (one words)	Noon (two words)	Tanween
ص	يَنْصُرُكُمْ	أَنْ صَدُّوْكُمْ	رِيْحًا صَرَصَرًا
ذ	لِيُنْذِرَ	مَنْ ذَا الَّذِي	سِرَاعًا ذَلِكَ
ث	مَنْشُورًا	مِنْ ثَمَرَةٍ	مَاءً ثَجَّاجًا
ك	أَنْكَالًا	أَنْ كَانَ	فِي يَوْمٍ كَانَ
ج	أَنْجَيْنَاهُ	وَمَنْ جَاهَدَ	فَصَبْرٌ جَمِيلٌ



# Examples on Hiding (Ikhfa')

letter of Ikhfa	Noon (one words)	Noon (two words)	Tanween
ش	مَنْشُورًا	إِنْ شَاءَ	بَأْسٌ شَدِيدٌ
ق	فَأَنْقَذَكُمْ	فَإِنْ قَاتِلُوكُمْ	شَيْءٌ قَدِيرٌ
س	مِنْسَأَتَهُ	مِنْ سُوءٍ	قَوْلًا سَدِيدًا
د	عِنْدَ	مِنْ دُونِ	قِنْوَانٌ دَانِيَةٌ
ط	يَنْطِقُونَ	فَإِنْ طِبْنِ	قَوْمًا طَاغِينَ

# Examples on Hiding (Ikhfa')

letter of Ikhfa	Noon (one words)	Noon (two words)	Tanween
ز	أَنْزِلْنِي مُنْزَلًا	فَإِنْ زَلَلْتُمْ	يَوْمَئِذٍ زُرْقًا
ف	إِنْفِرُوا	وَإِنْ فَاتَكُمْ	عُمِّيْ فَهُمْ
ت	مُنْتَهُونَ	مِنْ ثُرَابٍ	جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي
ض	مَنْصُودٍ	مَنْ ضَلَّ	قَوْمًا ضَالِّينَ
ظ	يَنْظُرُونَ	مِنْ ظَهِيرٍ	قُرَى ظَاهِرَةٍ