



In the name of Allah, Most Beneficent, Most Merciful

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## Lesson – 3 SURAH 1: AL-FATIHAH (Verses-5-7)

5. **You** alone we worship and **You** alone we ask for help.

6. Guide us to the straight path.

7. The path of those **You** have bestowed favors on them; not of those who earned (**Your**) wrath on themselves nor of those who go astray.

نَسْتَعِينُ (5)	وَإِيَّاكَ	نَعْبُدُ	إِيَّاكَ
we ask for help.	and <b>You</b> alone	we worship	<b>You</b> alone
الْمُسْتَقِيمَ (6)	الصِّرَاطَ	اهْدِنَا	
the straight.	(to) the path,	Guide us	
عَلَيْهِمْ	أَنْعَمْتَ	الَّذِينَ	صِرَاطَ
on them;	<b>You</b> (have) bestowed	(of) those	(The) path
الضَّالِّينَ (7)	وَلَا	عَلَيْهِمْ	الْمَغْضُوبِ
those who go astray.	[and] nor of	on them	(of) those who earned ( <b>Your</b> ) wrath
			غَيْرِ
			not

**GRAMMAR:** In the last class, you learnt the words for he, they, you, you all, I and we. In this lesson, we will learn the words for his, their, your, your, my, and our. In fact, they are not words in Arabic. They come as part of a word. We therefore learn these forms by attaching them to a noun رَبِّ (Lord; sustainer and cherisher).

... + رَبِّ	Attached/Possessive Pronouns	No.	Person
His Lord	رَبِّهِ	His هـ-- هـ--	sr.
Their Lord	رَبِّهِمْ	Their هُمْ-- هُمْ--	pl.
Your Lord	رَبِّكَ	Your كَ---	sr.
Your Lord	رَبِّكُمْ	Your كُمْ---	pl.
My Lord	رَبِّي	My ي---	sr.
Our Lord	رَبِّنَا	Our نَا---	dl., pl.

Note: The Grammar lessons are not directly related with the Surah that you study. It will be too complicated to analyze the grammatical aspects of the verses before we learn important rules. We are teaching simple rules in each of the class in parallel to vocabulary that you learn from the Surahs. As we proceed, we can then be able to see the application of these grammar rules to the Arabic text.



# Lesson – 4 Purpose of Revelation

كُتِبَ	أَنْزَلْنَاهُ	إِلَيْكَ	مُبَارَكٌ
(It is) a book	We have revealed it	to you (O! Muhammad, pbuh)	full of blessings;
لِيَدَّبَّرُوا	آيَاتِهِ	وَلِيَتَذَكَّرَ أُولُو الْأَلْبَابِ	(ص: 29)
so that they ponder	its verses	and men of understanding receive admonition.	

**Our Relationship with the Qur'an:** Direct; Personal; Planned; and Relevant

**A simple method:** Follow the following four steps

- ASK: Each verse of the Qur'an demands something from us. To fulfill it, start with supplication.
- EVALUATE (your past day or week in the light of that supplication)
- Make a PLAN of the next day / week.
- PROPAGATE the message (The Prophet pbuh said: Convey from me even if it is one verse).

**While Making plans**

- When it comes to group or Fiqh issues or any new idea, then please check with scholars before you mention it to others or implement it.
- Then what is the real area for common people like us? Well, there are many areas such as: Our relationship with Allah, Following the Prophet pbuh, planning for the hereafter, Zikr, Worship, Morals, Dealings, Dawah, Preaching and Propagation, Ordering good and Stopping evil, Team spirit etc.

**GRAMMAR:** Let us apply the rules that we learnt in the previous lesson to two more nouns, كتاب and دين.

book ... + كِتَابٌ	way of life ... + دِينٌ	Attached/Possessive	No.	Per-son
his book كِتَابُهُ	his way of life / religion دِينُهُ	his هـ-- ، هـ--	sr.	3 <sup>rd</sup>
their book كِتَابُهُمْ	their way of life/ religion دِينُهُمْ	their هُمْ-- هُمْ	pl.	
your book كِتَابُكَ	your way of life/ religion دِينُكَ	your ك--	sr.	2 <sup>nd</sup>
your book كِتَابِكُمْ	your way of life/ religion دِينِكُمْ	your كُمْ--	pl.	
my book كِتَابِي	my way of life/ religion دِينِي	my ي--	sr.	1 <sup>st</sup>
our book كِتَابِنَا	our way of life/ religion دِينِنَا	our نَا--	dl., pl.	

**Feminine Gender:** her book: كِتَابُهَا ، her way of life: دِينُهَا ، her Lord: رَبُّهَا ، she: هِيَ

To make feminine gender of most of the nouns, just add ة at the end. There are other rules that you will study later. The rule for making their plurals is to add ات at the end, after removing ة, as shown below.

Plural Feminine	Singular Feminine		Singular Masculine
كَافِرَات	كَافِرَةٌ	←	كَافِرٌ
مُشْرِكَات	مُشْرِكَةٌ	←	مُشْرِكٌ
مُنَافِقَات	مُنَافِقَةٌ	←	مُنَافِقٌ

Plural Feminine	Singular Feminine		Singular Masculine
مُسْلِمَات	مُسْلِمَةٌ	←	مُسْلِمٌ
مُؤْمِنَات	مُؤْمِنَةٌ	←	مُؤْمِنٌ
صَالِحَات	صَالِحَةٌ	←	صَالِحٌ



## Lesson – 5 Why is it easy ?

1. It is easy to understand the Qur'an because Allah says so.

وَلَقَدْ	يَسَّرْنَا الْقُرْآنَ	لِلذِّكْرِ (قمر: 17، 22، 32، 40)
And indeed	We have made the Qur'an easy	to understand and remember

The word ذِكْرٌ has two meanings: (1) Memorize; (2) Understand and take lessons

2. It is not only easy, but the best thing to do. The Prophet pbuh said:

خَيْرُكُمْ	مَنْ	تَعَلَّمَ الْقُرْآنَ	وَعَلَّمَهُ (بخاری)
The best of you	(is the one) who	learns the Qur'an	and teaches it (to others).

3. Let us correct our intentions because Allah accepts only those deeds which are done with correct intentions.

إِنَّمَا الْأَعْمَالُ	بِالنِّيَّاتِ	(بخاری)
Actions (are based) only	on intentions.	

**GRAMMAR:** (اسم، فعل، حرف) : We have learnt earlier that in Arabic, word can be one of the three types.

1. اسم (Noun): Name (مَكَّة، كِتَاب) or an attribute (مُؤْمِن، مُسْلِم)
2. فعل (Verb): Indicates the action (فَتَح، نَصَرُوا)
3. حرف (Letter): Joins nouns and/or verbs (بِ، لِ، مِنْ، فِي، إِنَّ)

Let us study حُرُوف in this lesson such as prepositions. We will study four prepositions in this lesson and join them with the pronouns that we have learnt earlier.

Example sentences for remembering the meanings of prepositions.	With	from, about, with	From	for
	<p>ل: لَكُمْ دِينُكُمْ وَلِي دِينِ،            مِنْ: أَعُوذُ بِاللَّهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ،            عَنْ: عَنِ النَّعِيمِ، رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ            مَعَ: إِنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَ الصَّابِرِينَ</p> <p>Note that when a preposition comes with a verb or a verbal noun, its meaning changes according to the verb with which it comes and the language to which it is translated. Use TPI here too.</p>	مَعَهُ	عَنْهُ	مِنْهُ
مَعَهُمْ		عَنْهُمْ	مِنْهُمْ	لَهُمْ
مَعَكَ		عَنْكَ	مِنْكَ	لَكَ
مَعَكُمْ		عَنْكُمْ	مِنْكُمْ	لَكُمْ
مَعِي		عَنِّي	مِنِّي	لِي
مَعَنَا		عَنَّا	مِنَّا	لَنَا
مَعَهَا		عَنْهَا	مِنْهَا	لَهَا



## Lesson – 6 How to learn it?

### 1. Pray to Allah regularly and with eagerness

(طه : 114)	عِلْمًا	زِدْنِي	رَبِّ
	in knowledge.	Increase me	O My Lord!

### 2. Use all your resources including your pen

(العلق : 4)	بِالْقَلَمِ	عَلَّمَ	الَّذِي
	by the pen.	taught	(The one) Who

### 3. Compete (to show it to Allah)

(الملك : 2)	عَمَلًا	أَحْسَنُ	أَيُّكُمْ
	in deeds?	is better	Which of you

**GRAMMAR:** We have learnt earlier that in Arabic, word can be one of the three types.

4. **اسْم (Noun):** Name (مَكَّة، كِتَاب) or an attribute (مُؤْمِن)
5. **فِعْل (Verb):** Indicates the action (فَتَح، نَصَرُوا)
6. **حَرْف (Letter):** Joins nouns and/or verbs (إِن، فِي، مِنْ، لِ، بِ)

Let us study حُرُوف in this lesson such as prepositions. We will study four more prepositions in this lesson and join them with the pronouns that we have learnt earlier.

Example sentences for remembering the meanings of prepositions.	to, toward	on	in	with, in
	بِ: بِسْمِ اللَّهِ	إِلَيْهِ	عَلَيْهِ	فِيهِ
فِي: فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ	إِلَيْهِمْ	عَلَيْهِمْ	فِيهِمْ	بِهِمْ
عَلَى: السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ	إِلَيْكَ	عَلَيْكَ	فِيكَ	بِكَ
إِلَى: إِنَّا لِلَّهِ وَإِنَّا إِلَيْهِ رَاجِعُونَ	إِلَيْكُمْ	عَلَيْكُمْ	فِيكُمْ	بِكُمْ
	إِلَيَّ	عَلَيَّ	فِيَّ	بِي
	إِلَيْنَا	عَلَيْنَا	فِينَا	بِنَا
	إِلَيْهَا	عَلَيْهَا	فِيهَا	بِهَا

Note that when a preposition comes with a verb or a verbal noun, its meaning changes according to the verb with which it comes and the language to which it is translated. Use TPI here too.